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HENRY T. REYS, JR.

ALFRED H. STONE

TOWN LAID IN RUINS.

Terrible Results of the Tornado at Morningport, La.

THE TOWN IS COMPLETELY WIPED OUT.

Seven Persons Killed and Many Injured, Several Families Left Homeless and Destitute.

Mr. Louis, Jan. 4.—A Texarkana (Ark.) special to the Globe-Democrat says:

Your correspondent visited the scene of yesterday's tornado at Morningport, La., one of the oldest and most important towns on the Gulf coast.

The town is completely wiped out, with the exception of the railroad station and the stores and residences of S. Noel and C. S. Croom.

The storm, which was funnel-shaped, struck the town about 3:30 p. m., lasting only about five minutes.

The path of the storm was from southwest to northeast. The velocity of the wind was estimated at about 60 miles an hour.

Massive trees were twisted out by the roots, and in some instances blown 100 yards. Houses were blown from their foundations, and a number of cattle were killed.

At least a dozen families are left homeless and destitute, but relief is being organized, and every effort is being made to care for the suffering.

The entire loss of property will probably reach \$50,000.

The four dead children of the Goodman family were found by a searching party on the bank of the lake, about 300 yards from the house.

One of the children was found with a small piece of scapula, the injured hand being removed to the hospital at Shreveport, several of whom are in ill health.

Many of the escapes from death were marvelous. The unfortunate people were not disheartened by this calamity, and will rebuild their homes at once.

Late news says an unknown man was blown from the bridge and killed, and two others, unknown, were instantly killed.

The rain storm swept the surrounding country, damaging property in its path.

It is believed that at least seven of the wounded now in the hospital will die. This was the chosen summer resort of the Shreveport people, the lake furnishing fine fish, and its picturesque appearance attracting every day a large number of people.

People there, who today are of a million of sorrow.

MAJ. EDWARD SCHOFIELD

inaugurated Governor of Wisconsin at Madison.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 4.—At noon Gov. William Henry Upham's administration ended and the reign of Maj. Edward Schofield commenced.

The assembly chamber in the capitol building was crowded to the doors by a multitude composed of citizens of Madison and visitors from every section of the state.

The governor-elect and party were met at the depot shortly before noon by the governor's guard and an escort of Madison citizens, headed by Mayor O'Brien, and including Gov. Upham.

After music by the band, the oath of office was administered. The other state officers in succession were then conducted to the chamber and took the oath, and an informal reception was then had.

At night the biennial inaugural ball and reception was given in the great hall of the university gymnasium.

THE PRIZE RING.

Fugitive Killing One Another in New York.

New York, Jan. 4.—James Duffy, the young pugilist from Boston, who collapsed after fighting ten rounds with George Justice in the Broadway Athletic club on Saturday night, died at 2:15 a. m. He lay unconscious all Sunday in St. Vincent's hospital, suffering from a cerebral hemorrhage, a blood vessel in his brain having been ruptured by the concussion of blows upon his head.

Another brutal prize fight, in which one of the contestants was fatally injured, is reported from Carthage Landing, near Fishkill Landing, where Wm. Catekill, colored, and Daniel Flanagan, white, fought a severe battle on Saturday night. In the ninth round Flanagan was knocked senseless and he is reported to be dying. Both men live in Fishkill.

ZULUS ROUTED.

The British Defeat Them and Are Ag Chief Chikusi.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Advice received here from Blantyre, the mission town of British South Africa, announces that the British forces have won a month against the Angoni, Zulus under Chief Chikusi, who had invaded southwest Nyassaland, capturing the inhabitants of the Angoni village, has routed the Angoni with heavy loss after some sharp fighting. Chief Chikusi was captured and hanged. Five men of the British force were wounded.

A Havana Pipe Story.

MADRID, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from Havana says it is expected that Maximo Gomez and other insurgent leaders will soon make overtures to the Spanish military authorities in Cuba with a view of securing favorable terms of surrender.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Snow in a Texas prairie has stopped the train.

A dense fog over New York Sunday, stopping all ocean traffic.

Senator Pettigrew's free homes bill.

Capt. O'Neil has returned to Havana from his campaign in Pinar del Rio.

Belle Macdonald, once an actress, killed her husband at Cincinnati by taking poison.

Fred Carter, son of the postmaster at Mount City, Ill., committed suicide in Chicago.

Several companies are forming to compete with the Sugar trust refiners.

It is believed to be proved that the steamer Commodore was scuttled by Spaniards.

Hugh Hartsell, aged 53 years, committed suicide at his home in Joliet, Ill., by hanging.

Four persons were killed and many were injured during the cyclone at Morningport, La.

Secretary Francis has reversed the decision of John Smith relative to the Cherokee strip claims.

Official dispatches from India say that the rains have benefited all the famine districts there.

Massillon (O.) miners received notice of a 10 percent reduction in wages. Two thousand of them have struck.

A strange case of hypnosis sleep occurred in New York. A supposed corpse came to life at the conclusion of the wake.

At midnight Sunday rain had fallen in Chicago continuously for 72 hours. The total fall in that time was 3 1/2 inches.

Theodore George Wormley, M. D., Phil., LL.D., the distinguished chemist, died at Philadelphia, Sunday, aged 70 years.

The newspaper plant of the Rich Hill (Mo.) Daily Review and weekly Mining Review was consumed by fire Sunday morning.

The fight for the Indiana senatorial seat has grown very bitter. C. W. Fairbanks and Gen. Lew Wallace are leading candidates.

The publication of the Herald states that it can guarantee the accuracy of news which it presents that Antonio Maceo is still alive.

The sale of Byron Reynolds, at New Orleans, Tex., was blown open with dynamite. The robbers secured \$2,500 in cash and \$700 in cotton checks.

A freight wreck, involving the loss of four lives and a serious injury to a fifth man, occurred half a mile east of New Haven, Mo., Sunday morning.

William Sanfelice, cardinal archbishop of Naples, is dead. He was born in 1834, and was created a cardinal at the consistory of March 24, 1884.

Deposits of coal have been discovered on a farm near Lambertville, N. J. The discoverer declares he has ascertained the location of the vein in a dream.

Mrs. J. A. Eakin, the missionary, died at the home of George Lilly in Anderson, Ind. She recently returned from a 16-year service in missionary work in Siam.

Hon. J. J. Davidson, of Beaver, Pa., republican congressman-elect from the Twenty-fifth district, died at Phoenix, Ariz., where he had gone in the hope of improving his health.

Howard Williams, a Decatur (Ill.) freeman, one of the local republicans who assisted in carrying the big tin horn to Canton, O., died while under operation for appendicitis.

Frank Hart, the colored pedestrian, won the six-days' heel-and-toe match at St. Louis with a score of 300 miles and 7 laps. Hoagland was second, Stephens third. The rest dropped out.

The dynamite cruiser Venus and the dispatch boat Dolphin have been ordered to Florida waters to reinforce the fleet of government vessels engaged in the effort to suppress the filibustering expeditions bound for Cuba.

Thomas Bram, first mate of the barkentine Herbert Fuller, charged with murdering the commander of the vessel (Capt. Nash, his wife, Mrs. Nash and Second Mate Blaudy, were convicted at Boston of the murder of Capt. Nash.

Robert Hardy, of Newton, Ill., undertook to row a skiff upstream through a break in the dam of the Embury river near Newton, Sunday. The current was so swift that it upset his boat and threw him into the water. He was drowned.

ELLISON GOES FREE.

The Assault of Henriques to Be Released From Sing Sing.

SING SING, N. Y., Jan. 4.—Tuesday morning Frank Ellison, the stock broker who, in 1893, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment for a murderous assault on William H. Henriques, in a quarrel for which a woman was responsible, will be released. One of the last acts of Gov. Morton before the expiration of his term was to shorten Ellison's sentence by five months, in addition to the 17 months' commutation for good behavior to which he was regularly entitled. Ellison was a prominent figure in New York, and has been employed as head bookkeeper in the prison since his incarceration.

French Senatorial Elections.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—The official returns of the elections which were held in France Sunday for the choice of one-third of the members of the senate show that 69 republicans, 13 radicals, 8 socialists and 13 reactionists were elected.

MISSING MONEY.

HAVANA, Jan. 4.—Hon. H. D. Money, of Mississippi, United States senator-elect, who disappeared from the Hotel Sagrada on Saturday morning, is still missing, and there is no clue to his whereabouts has been obtained.

THE TOBACCO MEN

Ask Protection for Their Product at the Tariff Hearing.

THEY COMPLAIN OF DUTCH CHEAP LABOR

In the Production of Sumatra Tobacco, Which Has Practically Driven the American Wrapper Leaf Out of the Home Market.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The tobacco schedule was the subject of the hearings before the ways and means committee, Michael Tobin, of Baldwinville, N. Y., representing the New York State Tobacco Growers' association, said the tobacco growers were badly in need of relief. They had expended vast sums in warehouses, etc., and until the importation of Sumatra began had been fairly prosperous. Tobacco farms were then worth \$125 an acre. Such farms were now generally mortgaged and could not today liquidate their incumbrances. He did not think it fair that the Holland syndicate, which employed coolie labor at 12 cents a day, should be allowed to annihilate the great leaf tobacco industry in this country. He denied that American leaf was not suitable for wrappers. Sumatra, he said, had no merit except its appearance. He complained of the elastic language in the act of 1894 and said that the schedule in the act of 1890 would be satisfactory. The consumer, he said, would not be injured by an adequate duty, but would get his cigars at the same price at retail.

He said the quality of the American wrapper leaf had not improved of recent years because there had been no inducement to growers to care for their leaves. Cuban tobacco ranked first in quality, and Sumatra was decidedly the worst. He had no doubt, he said, that any importer of Sumatra would rather have Sumatra excluded than smoke a cigar made wholly of Sumatra.

"Why?" he was asked.

"Because if he smoked it he would lose his breakfast."

He said the growers cared nothing for fillers. They were interested primarily in wrappers.

Chairman Dingley called attention to the fact that under the reduction of duty of 50 cents per pound on wrappers in the act of 1894 the increase of imports of Sumatra had been over 40 per cent. Moreover, said Mr. Dingley, it was a remarkable fact that the price of Sumatra tobacco in the market was reduced 50 cents. Mr. Tobin confirmed this but had no explanation to offer.

J. S. Van Duser, of Horseheads, N. Y., representing the growers of the Chenango valley, also asked for protection for wrapper tobacco. He admitted that \$2 would be an adequate rate, but said it was not a question of rates but of protecting our citizens from ruinously cheap labor abroad and saving a great industry from extinction.

He said 20,000,000 pounds of foreign tobacco was imported annually, of which 4,000,000 were wrappers.

LAID TO REST.

Funeral of Joseph B. McCullagh at St. Louis, Sunday.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—The obsequies of the late Joseph B. McCullagh occurred Sunday afternoon. The services at the Marion residence on West Pine boulevard were impressive. Simplicity marked every feature of the exercises. They were conducted with close regard for the course pursued by Mr. McCullagh in life. The absence of marked ostentation was most appropriate, and detracted nothing from the solemnity of the services.

Notwithstanding a steady downpour of rain, the attendance was very large, and the cortege was one of the most imposing seen in the city for some years.

The floral offerings were of the most elaborate description, and very numerous.

The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Snyder, of the Unitarian church of the Massillon, assisted by Rev. Dr. Boyd. The remains were interred in the McKee family lot in Bellefontaine cemetery.

WEYLER TO BE RECALLED

And to be Succeeded by Capt. Gen. Rivera.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—News has been received by the Cuban junta from Washington to the effect that the Spanish government has positively determined to recall Capt. Gen. Weyler.

Gen. Primo de Rivera, it is said, will succeed Gen. Weyler in Cuba. He is a captain general in the Spanish army, and in favor of the Canovas government.

Minister Taylor, it is said, informed Secretary Olney several days ago that the authorities at Madrid were on the point of relieving Gen. Weyler of his command in Cuba, and of appointing as his successor Capt. Gen. Rivera.

IRVING'S ILLNESS.

The Actor May Not Return to the Stage for Several Months.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The St. James Gazette says: Sir Henry Irving is not convalescing very rapidly, and several months may elapse before he recovers sufficiently to reappear on the stage.

It is also stated that Ellen Terry has several operations upon her eyes. Her friends thought when she left England that the gifted actress would not return to the stage, but it is now reported that she is rapidly recovering from the Riviera.

A Rapid Rise.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—The Mississippi river broke all records by rising 13 feet between 7 a. m. Sunday and 7 a. m. Monday. The lowlands hereabouts are in danger.

COURAGE AND COWARDICE

Various Displays by the Spanish Expeditionary Forces.

DATONA, Fla., Jan. 4.—The many instances of splendid courage shown in the Commodore disaster were offset by displays of craven cowardice on the part of some of those on board.

One man tried to get out a boat, and was promptly knocked down by Stephen Crane, the novelist. Mr. Crane stood on the bridge, glasses in hand, peering through the darkness, trying to discern a ray of light, as the tug was known to be near Mosquito Island light.

One of the Cubans tried to jump overboard, but Mate Bios caught him by the collar and hauled him aboard again. Another was so thoroughly demoralized that he knelt down at the captain's feet and prayed to be thrown overboard.

A big coal-heaver got into the hold and came out with a package of dynamite and told the captain that they might as well let that off at once. The dynamite was carefully taken from him and then Capt. Murphy's boat did the rest.

When the boats were launched from the Commodore, Crane accidentally fell overboard, along with several others. He saved only his head, as the man could swim and kept the Cuban up with the aid of an oar.

When the shipwrecked party reached land Sunday morning the novelist was so exhausted that he had to be assisted to the nearest house. He rallied, however, during the day and is all right now.

MORE FAILED BANKS.

The Germania and Allgemeine Banks of St. Paul Close Their Doors.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 4.—The Germania bank of this city has closed its doors. Its capital was \$400,000, with a surplus of \$25,000. December 17 the assets and liabilities amounted to \$975,000, and its deposits to \$1,091,968.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 4.—The Allgemeine bank of this city, closed its doors at noon. The capital of the bank is \$400,000, with a surplus of \$99,000. Its statement December 15 shows \$344 cash on hand and due from other banks \$192,000, deposits \$602,305. It held on January 1, St. Paul city funds to the amount of \$41,000 and state funds aggregating \$28,502.

The announcement was made by the officials of the bank that the institution had been assigned to Peter M. Kerst, who for the past year or so has been the cashier of the bank. It has been the cashier of the bank since the announcement of the action was taken after full consideration of all the phases of the situation, the directors having decided it was best for all concerned that they should close.

Another One Gone.

DEARBORN, Ind., Jan. 4.—The City Bank of Dearborn, Ind., has suspended.

HENRY WATTERSON

Scouts the Theory that Editor McCullagh Committed Suicide.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—Hon. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and for more than thirty years a close personal friend of the late Joseph B. McCullagh, was present at the funeral of the latter Sunday. Asked his opinion of the story at first given currenty that Mr. McCullagh had committed suicide, he replied:

"Suicide! Nonsense! If ever there was a brave, self-enduring, self-punishing man on earth it was Joseph B. McCullagh. If he had resolved to take his own life, he would have left behind him a perfect explanation of his deed. In all the years of my intimacy with him I never saw him flinch from any punishment. It is to my mind entirely clear that his death was the result of an accident, if the fall killed him. I was his oldest friend. I knew him in sunshine and adversity. I can not believe in the suicide theory."

THE NASHVILLE FIRE.

A Costly Blaze at the Tennessee Capital—Several Persons Injured.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4.—The fire which originated in the immense dry goods store of Lebeck Bros. at 11 o'clock Saturday night destroyed nine stores and the south end of the city market house, containing the offices of heads of city departments. The total loss in the neighborhood of \$400,000; insurance, about \$300,000.

The origin of the fire has not been ascertained. Several firemen were injured by falling walls, and Capt. James Sullivan was caught by a falling wall and badly bruised, and when rescued was found with a broken leg. Chas. Thompson, cashier, and J. H. Carr, manager of the Staff Jewelry Co., were badly wounded by falling walls.

FOREIGN CROPS.

Russian Wheat Yield in Nine Million Quarters Last Year.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Mark Lane Express, reviewing the crop situation, says: "The usual increase of cold in January will not be an unwelcome outlook to agriculture. On the continent the outlook is satisfactory. Rains have fallen in Australia, but too late to be of any use except in Tasmania. The news from Argentina is less gloomy than at Christmas time."

The Russian wheat crop of 1896 is semi-officially stated to be 3,500,000 quarters below that of 1895, and 9,000,000 below that of 1894."

Found a Queer Visitor.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morris returned to their home Sunday night after a week's absence, and found a man, stripped to the skin, taking a comfortable snooze in Mrs. Morris' bed, having laid out a supply of Mr. Morris' best clothes to put on when his nap was finished. He was arrested and locked up.

Sir Joseph Hickson.

MONTREAL, Jan. 4.—Sir Joseph Hickson, ex-president of the Grand Trunk railway, is dead.

HON. HENRY D. MONEY

Paid a Visit to Guanabacoa, Cuba, on Friday Last.

IN THE COMPANY OF FITZHUGH LEE, JR.

He Will, Doubtless, Have Something Interesting to Tell the House Committee on Foreign Affairs When He Returns Home.

New York, Jan. 4.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Havana says that Senator-elect H. D. Money, now a representative in the house and a member of the committee on foreign affairs, and Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., visited Guanabacoa on Friday last and visited the general havoc wrought by the insurgent forces at that place. Mr. Money's visit was for the purpose of learning all he could of the gruesome details of the murders committed by the Spanish authorities of Guanabacoa since Christmas. What he learned will doubtless be listened to with interest when his committee meets.

Mr. Money, when seen at the hotel Inglaterra, in this city, in his return from Guanabacoa, refused to talk for publication. He declared that his visit was entirely unofficial. He said the Spanish guard at Guanabacoa refused to allow him to visit the spot where the bodies of the Cubans murdered at that place were said to have been thrown. There could not be any moral doubt, he declared, that the men were taken out in the night and killed with machetes.

Mr. Money said he would try and accomplish as much as possible during his short stay. The senator-elect was of the opinion that there was no precedent where a legislative body has recognized either the belligerent rights or the independence of any country. He was also of the opinion that the house and senate have gone to work in the wrong way in passing a joint resolution, that the independence of Cuba should be recognized. He thought that the end could be best attained by the passage of an act to regulate the commercial intercourse between the United States and Cuba, which might, if vetoed by the president, be carried, notwithstanding his veto.

Mr. Money thinks that the strongest reason for Cleveland to interfere to stop the war here is the very position he has so distinctly taken that no one else would be permitted to interfere.

THE STATUTE

For the Suppression of Lottery Traffic Needs Amending.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The efforts of counsel to secure a judgment from the supreme court of the United States upon the constitutionality of the law for the suppression of lottery traffic through the national and interstate commerce act in the prosecution of Albert L. France et al., indicted for conspiracy to violate the act by trafficking in lottery slips and drawings between Cincinnati and Covington, Ky., were not successful. The court for the southern district of Ohio found the defendants guilty, and they appealed to the supreme court of the United States. The case was argued by Mr. James C. Carter for the defendants and by Assistant Attorney-General Whitney for the government, their arguments being largely devoted to the question of the constitutionality of the law. But, said Mr. Justice Peckham, disposing of the case, the court did not find it necessary to pass upon the constitutionality of the law, for in the opinion of the courts the acts complained of the carrying of papers and books used in the lottery drawings did not, within the meaning of the statute, constitute an offense prohibited by the statute.

"The lottery," said the justice, "had already been drawn; the papers carried by the messengers were not then dependent upon the event of any lottery. The language as used in the statute looks to the future. The statute does not cover the transaction, and however reprehensible the acts of the defendants may be, we cannot sustain a conviction on that ground. The judgment of conviction was reversed and the discharge of the defendants ordered. Mr. Justice Harlan assented. Assistant Attorney-General Whitney says that in view of the decision it will be necessary to amend the statute before it can be made effective, irrespective of the question of its constitutionality."

TWO OKLAHOMA CAVES

Found Stored with Goods Enough to Stock a Second-Hand Store.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Jan. 4.—Officers on searching the farm of Joseph Robbler, near Bryan, found two large caves filled with wagon loads of stolen goods, including plows, harrows and other tools, chairs, tables, carpets, books, stoves and scores of other articles. Many of the articles were identified by neighbors as having been stolen from them during the past three years, and it is evident that this was the headquarters of the gang who robbed several houses of every article of furniture while the owners were away.

ANOTHER SUSPECT.

An Arrest at Glendale in Connection with the Blue Cut Robbery.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 4.—Detectives working on the Blue Cut train robbery case have brought in another suspect, arrested near Glendale, who, they claim, was near Glendale, who, the leader of the gang, now under arrest, on the night of the robbery. The officers refuse to disclose the identity of the suspect, claiming it would interfere with their plans in locating and arresting other men under surveillance.

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